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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/723,011	11/26/2003	Vincent J. Zimmer	20002/17853	1136
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150 S. WACKER DRIVE			HENNING, MATTHEW T	
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Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)			
	10/723,011	ZIMMER ET AL.			
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit			
	MATTHEW T. HENNING	2131			
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address			
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tim vill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE	lely filed the mailing date of this communication. (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status					
Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>26 Not</u> This action is FINAL . 2b)⊠ This Since this application is in condition for alloware closed in accordance with the practice under E	action is non-final. nce except for formal matters, pro				
Disposition of Claims					
4) Claim(s) 1-32 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdray 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) 1-32 is/are rejected. 7) Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or Application Papers 9) The specification is objected to by the Examine 10) The drawing(s) filed on 26 November 2003 is/are	vn from consideration. r election requirement. r. re: a)⊠ accepted or b)⊡ object	•			
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).					
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.					
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119					
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 					
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date 3/9/04, 8/16/06.	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal P 6) Other:	ite			

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1 This action is in response to the communication filed on 11/26/2003. 2 DETAILED ACTION 3 Claims 1-32 have been examined. 4 **Title** 5 The title of the invention is acceptable. 6 Information Disclosure Statement 7 The information disclosure statement(s) (IDS) submitted on 3/9/2004, and 8/16/2006 are 8 in compliance with the provisions of 37 CFR 1.97. Accordingly, the examiner is considering the 9 information disclosure statements. 10 Request for Information under 37 CFR 1.105 11 Applicant and the assignee of this application are required under 37 CFR 1.105 to provide the following information that the examiner has determined is reasonably necessary to 12 13 the examination of this application. 14 The information is required to enter in the record the art suggested by the applicant as 15 relevant to this examination in the IDS filed 8/16/2006. Due to the length, 1084 pages, of the submitted document "Extensible Firmware Interface Specification", the examiner is unable to 16 provide full consideration of this document. As such, the examiner is requiring the applicant to 17 18 provide the specific chapter and section numbers of the document, (i.e. 1.8.4) which relate 19 directly to subject matter which the applicants believe they have invented (i.e. secure configuration of a machine in a pre-operating system environment). This information is 20 21 reasonably necessary in order for the examiner to be able to give proper consideration to the

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1 submitted document. The applicants are not required to resubmit this document, or any portions 2 thereof. 3 In responding to those requirements that require copies of documents, where the 4 document is a bound text or a single article over 50 pages, the requirement may be met by 5 providing copies of those pages that provide the particular subject matter indicated in the 6 requirement, or where such subject matter is not indicated, the subject matter found in 7 applicant's disclosure. 8 This requirement is an attachment of the enclosed Office action. A complete reply to the 9 enclosed Office action must include a complete reply to this requirement. The time period for 10 reply to this requirement coincides with the time period for reply to the enclosed Office action. 11 **Drawings** 12 The drawings filed on 11/26/2003 are acceptable for examination proceedings. 13 **Specification** 14 Applicant is reminded of the proper language and format for an abstract of the disclosure. 15 16 The abstract should be in narrative form and generally limited to a single paragraph on 17 a separate sheet within the range of 50 to 150 words. It is important that the abstract not exceed 18 150 words in length since the space provided for the abstract on the computer tape used by the 19 printer is limited. The form and legal phraseology often used in patent claims, such as "means" 20 and "said," should be avoided. The abstract should describe the disclosure sufficiently to assist 21 readers in deciding whether there is a need for consulting the full patent text for details. 22 23 The language should be clear and concise and should not repeat information given in the 24 title. It should avoid using phrases which can be implied, such as, "The disclosure concerns," 25 "The disclosure defined by this invention," "The disclosure describes," etc. 26 27 The abstract of the disclosure is objected to because: 28 The first sentence "Methods and apparatus... are disclosed" only contains information 29 already available within the title of the invention, and therefore should be removed.

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1 Correction is required. See MPEP § 608.01(b). 2 3 Brief Summary of the Invention: See MPEP § 608.01(d). A brief summary or 4 general statement of the invention as set forth in 37 CFR 1.73. The summary is 5 separate and distinct from the abstract and is directed toward the invention rather 6 than the disclosure as a whole. The summary may point out the advantages of the 7 invention or how it solves problems previously existent in the prior art (and 8 preferably indicated in the Background of the Invention). In chemical cases it 9 should point out in general terms the utility of the invention. If possible, the 10 nature and gist of the invention or the inventive concept should be set forth. 11 Objects of the invention should be treated briefly and only to the extent that they 12 contribute to an understanding of the invention. 13 14 The specification is objected to for failing to provide a Brief Summary of the Invention. 15 Correction is required. See MPEP Section 608.01(d) 16 17 Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112 18 The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112: 19 The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the 20 subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention. 21 22 Claims 9-18 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for 23 failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as 24 the invention. 25 Claim 9 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being incomplete for 26 omitting essential steps, such omission amounting to a gap between the steps. See MPEP 27 § 2172.01. The claim is directed to "a method of securely configuring a client", however there is 28 no claim of a step which actually configures a client. Therefore, the claim is missing this 29 essential step, and is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112 2nd Paragraph.

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Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 1-7, 9-14, 16-17, 19-22, 24-30, and 32 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Hind et al. (US Patent Number 6,976,163) hereinafter referred to as Hind.

Regarding claims 1 and 26, Hind disclosed a method of securely configuring a first machine (See Hind Fig. 10 Element 706) in a pre-operating system environment (See Hind Col. 2 Paragraph 2), the method comprising: detecting a message (See Hind Col. 11 Lines 19-31); determining an operating mode of the machine (See Hind Col. 12 Lines 45-63); providing an attestation (See Hind Col. 18 Lines 45-52); receiving a configuration update (See Hind Col. 18 Lines 52-56); and updating a machine configuration in a pre-operating system environment (See Hind Col. 18 Lines 52-56 and Fig. 11), but Hind failed to specifically disclose performing a shared secret key exchange. However, Hind did disclose decryption at the receiving device using a shared secret (See Hind Col. 3 Lines 52-59).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of invention to have performed a shared secret key exchange between the firmware distributor and the updatable

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device of Hind. This would have been obvious <u>because</u> the ordinary person skilled in the art

2 would have been motivated to provide both devices with the proper key so that proper encryption

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and decryption could occur.

Regarding claims 9, and 29, Hind disclosed a method of securely configuring a client operating in a pre-operating system environment, the method comprising: sending a message (See Hind Col. 11 Lines 19-31); determining an operating mode of the client machine (See Hind Col. 12 Lines 45-63); receiving an attestation (See Hind Col. 18 Lines 45-52); verifying the attestation (See Hind Col. 18 Lines 45-52); and sending a configuration update to the client machine in a pre-operating system environment (See Hind Col. 18 Lines 52-56), but Hind failed to specifically disclose performing a shared secret key exchange. However, Hind did disclose decryption at the receiving device using a shared secret (See Hind Col. 3 Lines 52-59).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of invention to have performed a shared secret key exchange between the firmware distributor and the updatable device of Hind. This would have been obvious <u>because</u> the ordinary person skilled in the art would have been motivated to provide both devices with the proper key so that proper encryption and decryption could occur.

Regarding claim 19, Hind disclosed an apparatus to securely configure a client machine in a pre-operating system environment, the apparatus comprising: a client machine comprising: a messaging module configured to detect messages and send messages (See Hind Col. 11 Lines 19-31); an operating mode (See Hind Col. 12 Lines 45-63); a trusted platform module configured to provide an attestation (See Hind Col. 18 Lines 45-52); and a configuration module configured to update the client's configuration in a pre-operating system environment

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- 1 (See Hind Col. 18 Lines 52-56); and a server machine comprising: an messaging module
- 2 configured to send messages and receive messages (See Hind Col. 11 Lines 19-31); an
- 3 attestation has been verifier (See Hind Col. 18 Lines 45-52); and an update module configured to
- 4 generate a client configuration update (See Hind Col. 18 Lines 52-56), but Hind failed to
- 5 specifically disclose the client machine comprising a key exchange module configured to
- 6 perform a shared secret key exchange, or the server machine comprising a key exchange module
- 7 configured to perform a shared secret key exchange after an attestation has been verified.
- 8 However, Hind did disclose decryption at the receiving device using a shared secret (See Hind
- 9 Col. 3 Lines 52-59).
- It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of invention to
- have provided the client and server of Hind each with a shared secret key exchange module.
- 12 This would have been obvious because the ordinary person skilled in the art would have been
- motivated to provide both devices with the proper key so that proper encryption and decryption
- 14 could occur.
- Regarding claims 2, and 27, Hind disclosed that the message is sent from a second
- machine (See Hind Col. 11 Lines 19-31).
- 17 Regarding claims 3, and 20, Hind disclosed that the operating mode of the first machine
- comprises at least one of an IT-managed machine and a consumer machine (See Hind Col. 12
- 19 Lines 45-63 and Col. 18 Line 59 Col. 19 Line 3).
- Regarding claims 4, 12, and 21, Hind disclosed that the attestation comprises at least one
- 21 of machine identity information and a pseudo-anonymous authentication (See Hind Col. 18
- 22 Lines 45-52).

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- 1 Regarding claim 5, Hind disclosed that the pseudo-anonymous authentication is provided
- Regarding claims 6, and 13, Hind disclosed that the machine identity information
- 4 comprises at least one of a serial number, a network name, and a cryptographic representation of
- 5 hardware registers (See Hind Col. 18 Lines 45-52).

by a trusted platform module (See Hind Col. 15 Lines 27-64).

- Regarding claims 7, and 14, although Hind did not specifically disclose that the pseudo-
- 7 anonymous authentication comprises an Attestation Identity Key, the use of an Attestation
- 8 Identity Key is well know to those having ordinary skill in the art, and as such would have been
- 9 obvious to employ in the system of Hind for authenticating the client device.
- 10 Regarding claim 10, Hind disclosed the message is to a client machine (See Hind Col. 11
- 11 Lines 19-31).

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- Regarding claim 11, Hind disclosed that the operating mode of the client machine
- comprises at least one of an IT-managed device and a personal device (See Hind Col. 12 Lines
- 14 45-63 and Col. 18 Line 59 Col. 19 Line 3).
- Regarding claims 16, 22, 24, and 28, Hind disclosed that the configuration comprises at
- least one of a firmware setting, a BIOS setting, and a machine setting (See Hind Col. 18 Lines
- 17 45-52).
- 18 Regarding claims 17, 25, and 32, Hind did not specifically disclose the configuration
- 19 update being encrypted. However, Hind did disclose the update being provided over a network,
- and it was well known at the time of invention to encrypt transmissions over a network.
- 21 Therefore, it would have been obvious to the ordinary person skilled in the art at the time of
- invention to have encrypted the configuration update of Hind. This would have been obvious

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because the ordinary person skilled in the art would have been motivated to protect the update

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- 2 from being intercepted by an illicit party.
- Regarding claim 30, Hind disclosed instructions stored thereon that, when executed,
- 4 cause the first machine to send the message via a network connection (See Hind Fig. 10).
- 5 Claims 8, 18, and 23 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Hind
- as applied to claim1, 9, and 19 above, and further in view of Girard (US Patent Number
- 7 7,093,124).
- 8 Hind disclosed updating BIOS and Firmware in a computer, but failed to specifically
- 9 disclose that updating is adapted to operate in an OS-transparent operating mode with
- 10 networking support.
- Girard teaches a system for updating BIOS and system configurations remotely, and
- 12 teaches that the use of an agent running in the BIOS, prior to loading the operating system, to
- perform authentication of a new boot image and to perform the required configuration, provides
- tamper resistance (See Girard Col. 1 Lines 20-47).
- 15 It would have been obvious to the ordinary person skilled in the art at the time of
- invention to employ the teachings of Girard in the firmware updating system of Hind by
- performing the downloading, authentication, and configuration of Hind using an agent within the
- 18 BIOS which is run prior to loading of the operating system. This would have been obvious
- 19 <u>because</u> the ordinary person skilled in the art would have been motivated to provide the updating
- with tamper resistance.
- Claims 15 and 31 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Hind as
- applied to claims 9 and 29 above, and further in view of TCPA (Technical Overview for EFI).

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1 Hind rendered obvious the use of Attestation Identity Keys for authentication, but failed 2 to specifically disclose that the attestation is verified by a trusted third party.

TCPA teaches that AIKs are obtained through Trusted Third Parties and that the AIKs are verified by the Trusted Third Party (See TCPA Pages 35-41).

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It would have been obvious to the ordinary person skilled in the art at the time of invention to employ the teachings of TCPA in the authentication of the client of Hind by having a Trusted Third Party verify the AIK. This would have been obvious because the ordinary person skilled in the art would have been motivated to utilize the AIK system as it was intended to be used.

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11 Conclusion

12 Claims 1-32 have been rejected.

> The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to MATTHEW T. HENNING whose telephone number is (571)272-3790. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F 8-4.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Ayaz Sheikh can be reached on (571) 272-3795. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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Supervisory Patent Examiner, Art Unit 2132

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent 1 2 Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications 3 may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished 4 applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR 5 system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR 6 system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would 7 like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated 8 information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000. 9 10 /Matthew T Henning/ 11 Examiner, Art Unit 2131 12 /Gilberto Barron Jr/